

SA 2 WORKSHEET 2011-2012

CLASS: IX

SOCIAL SCIENCE

HISTORY

1. Mention any three causes of deforestation in India under the colonial rule.
2. Why is it necessary to increase area under forests? Give three reasons.
3. Name two communities that live in Bastar. What are some of the beliefs regarding nature of the communities of Bastar?
4. How did the forest Acts affect the lives of foresters and villagers?
5. Describe in brief the saminit movement of Indonesia?
6. Why did the people of Bastar raise the revolt against the Britishers?
7. Explain the forest Act passed by the Dutch.
8. Why are forests affected by war?
9. What are the similarities between colonial management of the forests in the Bastar and in Java?
10. What is shifting cultivation? Why was this practice banned by European foresters?
11. Why were Indian farmers reluctant to grow opium ?
12. Why did the British insist on growing opium in India?
13. How were the poor affected by the Enclosure movement?
14. Why were the threshing machines opposed by the poor farmers in England?
15. Coming of modern agriculture in England meant many changes. Explain.
16. State the factors responsible for rapid increase of food grain productions in 19th century in England.
17. Who was captain swing? What did the name symbolise or represent?
18. Explain one difference between the Enclosure movement of the late 18th century and the earlier one? What factors led the British Parliament to pass the Enclosure Acts?
19. How did U.S.A. become the bread basket of the world? Explain.

20. What were the advantages and disadvantages of mechanical harvesting machines in the U.S.A.?
21. When were the “Laws of Cricket” drawn up? What was stated in the first written ‘law’s of cricket’?
22. What changes were introduced in the game of cricket during the 19th century?
23. Why did Mahatma Gandhi condemn the pentougulav Tournament?
24. Explain why cricket became popular in India and the West Indies. Can you give reasons why it did not become popular in countries in South America?
25. What changes were introduced in cricket in the late 18th Century?
26. “The Battle of Waterloo was won on the playing fields of Eton” Elucidate.
27. Test Cricket is a unique game in many ways. Discuss.
28. Who was Kerry Packer? What innovations did Kerry Packer introduce which changed the nature of the game?

GEOGRAPHY

1. Distinguish between the Cold Weathers Season and the Hot Weather Season of India by explaining three distinctive features.
2. Explain the factors controlling the Indian Weather conditions.
3. Explain the four features of the Monsoon rains.
4. What are “Jet Streams”? How do they affect the climate of India?
5. Define Monsoons. What do you understand by break in Monsoons?
6. Discuss the Mechanism of Monsoons.
7. Discuss the regional variations in the climatic conditions of India with the help of suitable examples.
8. Explain any three characteristics of cold weather season.
9. Why has India a rich heritage of flora and fauna?
10. Distinguish between Tropical Evergreen forests and Deciduous forests.
11. What are the main reasons of deforestation and suggest some measures to conserve forests.
12. Describe the major vegetations zones of the Himalayan region.
13. Write three measures to protect wildlife.

14. What is meant by population growth? Explain the two ways in which it is expressed.
15. What are the factors responsible for the distribution of population in India?
16. What are the various activities undertaken in the primary, secondary and tertiary sectors? Explain with examples.
17. Discuss the major components of population growth.
18. What are the significant features of the National population policy 2000?
19. How is migration a determinant factors of population change?
20. On an outline map of India mark and label the following :
 - a. An area receiving rainfall more than 400 cm.
 - b. Thiruvananthapuram, Chennai, Mumbai weather stations
 - c. National parks – Corbett, Dachigam
 - d. Areas of evergreen forests.
 - e. Areas having tropical deciduous forests.
 - f. The state having highest sex ratio.
 - g. The most populous state of India
 - h. The state having high density of population.

CIVICS

1. Why do we need a parliament?
2. What features of the Indian Judiciary make it most powerful in the world?
3. Describe the powers and functions of the Prime Minister in India?
4. Discuss the powers and functions of the Parliament.
5. “Lok Sabha” is more powerful than the “Rajya Sabha” explain by giving three examples.
6. According to Election laws, what a party or a candidate cannot do during elections?
7. What are the main functions of the Elections commission of India?
8. Describe any three challenges to free and fair elections.
9. How is the Judicial system organized? Explain its importance in Indian democracy.

10. "Right to freedom is a cluster of freedoms", Justify.
 11. Why did Dr. Ambedkar call the "Right to Constitutional Remedies" as the heart and soul of our constitution?
 12. Explain three provisions of the fundamental Right against exploitation.
 13. How have prisoners been treated in Guantanamo bay?
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ECONOMICS

1. Explain briefly how the poverty line is estimated in India.
2. Discuss briefly the poverty alleviations programmes in India.
3. Discuss the major reasons of poverty of India.
4. Explain main features of NREGA.
5. Describe Global poverty lines.
6. Differentiate between seasonal hunger and chronic hunger.
7. Why is buffer stock created by the Government?
8. Explain four features of food security in India.
9. What are the problems of functioning of the ration shops?
10. Write a note on the role of co-operatives in providing food and related items.
11. Which are the people more prone to food insecurity?
12. What is food security? Write the three dimensions of food security?

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